

## **MEETING ABSTRACT**

**Open Access** 

## Genotypic variability and risk factors of hepatitis B virus in Western Siberia

Roman Bayandin<sup>1\*</sup>, Galina Kochneva<sup>1</sup>, Galina Sivolobova<sup>1</sup>, Antonina Grazhdantseva<sup>1</sup>, Sergei Netesov<sup>1,2</sup>

From 15th International Conference on Human Retroviruses: HTLV and Related Viruses Leuven and Gembloux, Belgium. 5-8 June 2011

In the study were included one group of acute hepatitis patients (1043 persons) of Barnaul's city hospital and four groups (500 persons in each group) of Novosibirsk's oblast inhabitants: medical staff, patients drug abuse clinic, AIDS center's patients, clinic patients applied for any disease. The frequency of HBsAg was: 3.6% in group of polyclinic patients, 5.4% of medical workers, 8.4% among drug abuse clinic's patients, 35% of AIDS center's patients and 36.5% of Barnaul's patients. Genotypes distribution was as follows: Novosibirsk oblast - 168 isolates of genotype D, 3 isolates of genotype A and genotype 2 isolates - C. In Barnaul: genotype D - 72 isolates, genotype A - 1. In the groups of Novosibirsk oblast the highest risk to be infected revealed for drug users (OR = 6.75). The risk of seropositivity was increased among respondents who had more than 4 sexual partners during lifetime (OR = 2.23); who had sex with HBV patients (OR = 2.12); who spent at least one night at prison (OR=2.58). Risk factors also found for men (OR=1.85) and young people (OR=1.79) as those who are more inclined to risky behavior. The biggest risk factors in Barnaul were found among men who have sex with men (OR=8.79), person with >2 sexual partners in last 6 month especially in women (OR=5.15), those who >30 years (OR=4.51). High risk had person who had contacts with blood (OR=4.05). In Novosibirsk and Barnaul different medical operations such as surgery, blood transfusion, overall anesthesia weren't show itself as risk factors.

## **Author details**

<sup>1</sup>State Research Center of Virology and Biotechnology "Vector", Koltsovo, Novosibirsk oblast, 630559, Russia. <sup>2</sup>Novosibirsk State University, Novosibirsk, 630090, Russia.

Published: 6 June 2011

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

doi:10.1186/1742-4690-8-S1-A211

Cite this article as: Bayandin et al.: Genotypic variability and risk factors of hepatitis B virus in Western Siberia. Retrovirology 2011 8(Suppl 1):A211.

## Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

Submit your manuscript at www.biomedcentral.com/submit





<sup>\*</sup> Correspondence: romb@ngs.ru

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>State Research Center of Virology and Biotechnology "Vector", Koltsovo, Novosibirsk oblast. 630559. Russia