

### **POSTER PRESENTATION**

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# HIV/AIDS related knowledge and attitude among female sex workers in Tehran/Iran

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#### **Background**

To assess the knowledge and attitude of female sex workers regarding HIV/AIDS and utilization of health services prepared for them in Tehran capital city of Iran.

#### Methods

This study includes two phases. Phase one: A cross-sectional survey was conducted among 280 female sex workers in various urban areas in Tehran. During the survey a 114 item researcher designed questionnaire was used. The validity and reliability of questionnaire was assessed during a pilot study. Phase two: Following the quantitative survey a qualitative study was done which 39 in-depth interviews were conducted to gain insights into the context of their risky sexual behaviors and suggestions for feasible HIV primary prevention interventions.

#### **Results**

The mean age of the respondents was 27.6 years and majority of them were literate. Among study population 43.1% were born in another province besides Tehran. The mean years of sex work was reported as 5.8 years by participants in this study. About 97.5% of them reported that they have heard about HIV/AIDS and 98.5% reported that they have heard about condom. Among respondents 70% believed that there is no feasibility for confidential HIV test in Tehran. The findings revealed that 30.3% of participants in this study were forced to take an HIV/AIDS infectious test exam against their personal will.

#### Discussion

Although majority of female sex workers in Tehran were familiar with HIV/AIDS and condom but their knowledge was superficial. Most of study group had serious concerns about referring to health clinics for HIV/AIDS tests and they had negative attitudes in this regard. It seems that peer group education, providing secure stations for HIV/AIDS testing and providing easy access to condom would be useful to address this problem.

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